A Bug's Life

Brown lacewing

Family: Hemerobiidae

Fun facts

- Larvae are specialized predators feeding on woolly aphids, mites, scale insects, caterpillars, mealybugs
- Adults gather around lights at night
- Associated with dense vegetation
- Lacewings are sold commercially for biological control of insect pests of crops in greenhouses



Identification

Egg: Laid singly on foliage Larva: 1/3" long, alligator-like, slender body, tapered at head and abdomen, pair of short, curved jaws extend from head

Adult: 3/8" long, brown color, highly veined wings, held over body when at rest



Management

- No management required
- Chemical treatment is not needed
- Beneficial insect because of pest control services as adults and larvae, feeding on small, soft bodied plantfeeding insects
- Exclude from home by sealing gaps, installing screens and closing doors





Phone: 402-444-7804 Email: Douglas-Sarpy@unl.edu